

## Corpuscular theory →

\* This theory was postulated by Newton. According to this theory, A luminous body continuously emits, tiny, light and elastic particles called corpuscles in all direction.

\* They possess the property of Reflection from a polished surface or Transmission through a transparent medium.

\* When these particles fall on retina of the eye they produce the sensation of vision.

\* This theory explained Rectilinear propagation and Reflection and Refraction of light.

\* Newton's theory did not explained the interference, diffraction and polarisation of light.